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I. Exterior Inspection

Foundation: Check tor significant cracks or signs of settling.
Roof: Look for missing or damaged shingles, proper flashing, and overall condition. Drone inspections may be used.
Gutters and Drainage: Ensure gutters are properly installed and direct water away from the house.
Grading: Verify that the slope of the ground directs water away from the foundation.
Windows and Doors: Confirm all windows open, close, and lock properly; inspect for broken seals or cracks.
Patios, Decks, and Porches: Check for stability, no sloping or settling. Trees and Landscaping: Look for overhanging branches and dead trees that could pose risks.
Siding and Brickwork: Check for cracks, missing mortar, or damaged stucco.
Chimney: Inspect for cracks, secure chimney caps, and proper venting.
Sewer Scope (if applicable): Run a camera to detect potential blockages or damage.





II. Interior Inspection

Basement:
Check for water damage, leaks, or foundation issues.
Ensure the sump pump, battery backup, and ejector pump are operational.
Attic:
Look for signs of mold, proper ventilation, and adequate insulation.
Check rafters for staining or structural issues.
Rooms:
Inspect walls and ceilings for stains or cracks.
Test doors for proper alignment and locks.
Verify the functionality of smoke and carbon monoxide detectors.
Look for signs of pest infestations.
Bathrooms:
Check for leaks under sinks and around toilets.
Test water pressure and temperature.
Ensure toilets are stable and vents lead outside.
Kitchen:
Verify all appliances are operational.
Check plumbing under the sink for leaks.
Test garbage disposal functionality.





III. Major Systems

	Electrical: Inspect the breaker panel for proper wiring and check for exposed wires.	
	Plumbing: Look for leaks, water stains, and ensure all fixtures are operational.	
	HVAC: Confirm the system's general condition. Note that air conditioners can't be tested in winter, and furnaces can't be tested in summer.	
	Water Heater: Check for signs of corrosion, leaks, and functionality.	
V. Optional Inspections		
	Radon Testing: Assess levels of radon gas.	
	Termite Inspection: This is especially relevant in southern states or with FHA/VA loans.	
	Sewer Scope: Highly recommended for older homes.	
	Moisture Testing: For stucco or EIFS homes.	





V. Safety

Ensure smoke and carbon monoxide detectors are installed and functional.
Inspect for hazards like exposed wiring or unstable fixtures.
Verify that fireplaces and chimneys are safe for use.

What Happens After Inspection

Inspection Report: A detailed document outlining all findings.

Negotiations: Use the report to negotiate repairs or credits with the seller.

Specialists: If needed, bring in experts like plumbers or electricians for

deeper assessments.

Remember, no home is perfect, even new construction.

Use this checklist as a guide, but rely on your inspector's expertise. Always attend the inspection to ask questions and gain firsthand insights.

